



# Improved Innovative Streambank Restoration Techniques

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# Objective

- Educate the professional community involved in streambank and shoreline restorations using soil bio-engineering techniques of the technically sound **latest developments and improvements in coconut fiber (coir) products** used for streambank and shoreline restorations

# Soil Bioengineering & Coir

- **Soil bioengineering** is an interdisciplinary approach to environmental restoration which protects water resources by combining biological systems with engineering principles to restore deteriorated soil masses
- These techniques use mature vegetation to resist erosive forces
- Strong, durable, natural and biodegradable **coir products** are used to provide initial soil protection and support young vegetation until mature vegetation becomes established

# Advantages of Bio-Engineered Streambank Restorations

- + Aesthetically pleasing applications
- + Provides habitats for fish and other wildlife
- + Nourishes a naturally strong, healthy environment
- + Supports recreational activities
- + Creates an environment that reduces human stress
- + Conveys peace of mind for all of us

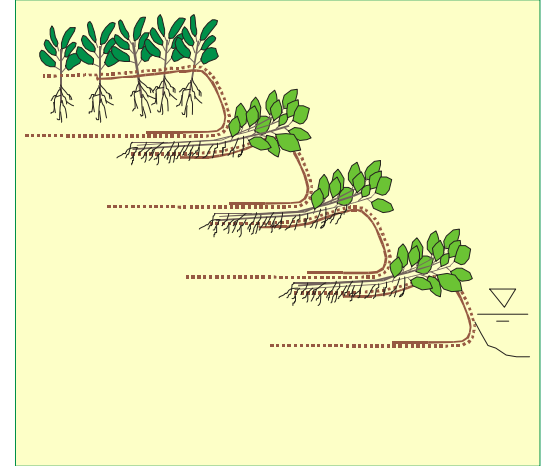
# Advantages of Coir products with Thick Fiber Cover on Streambank Restorations

- + Coir is a renewable natural resource
- + By product of coconut industry
- + High functional longevity (over 6 years)
- + Higher degree of abrasion resistance
- + No harm to wildlife
- + Proven performance over the years

# Streambank Restorations Done with Coir Products

- **Phase I**

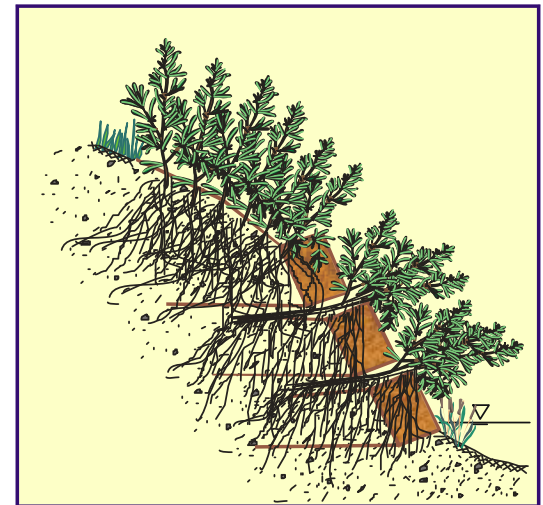
- Structural stability (support) and protection against erosion provide by coir products



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- **Phase II**

- Fully or partial structural stability (support) and protection against erosion come from natural vegetation



# Coir Products for Streambank Restorations

1. **Coir Block System** – Rectangular coir fiber block with three sides wrapped in a woven coir matting and the coir matting extends outward of the coir fiber block
2. **Coir rectangular log** – Coir log with rectangular shaped cross section
3. **Coir circular log** – Coir log with circular shaped cross section

# Coir Block System

- Thick coir fiber block provides **stronger abrasion resistance** at the face of the lift
- Thick coir fiber block **prevents exposing the soil** in the soil lift for 6-10 years, allowing vegetation to grow on soil mass while preventing chances for failure
- Combination of coir fiber block & high strength coir fabric **provides significantly higher shear stress resistance** for extended time than soil lifts made of wrapping coir fabric only





# Coir Log with Rectangular Shaped Cross Section

- Until now, coir Log with rectangular shaped cross section is not common in streambank restoration designs and constructions



# Coir Log with Circular Shaped Cross Section

- Coir Log with circular shaped cross section is very common in streambank restoration designs and constructions

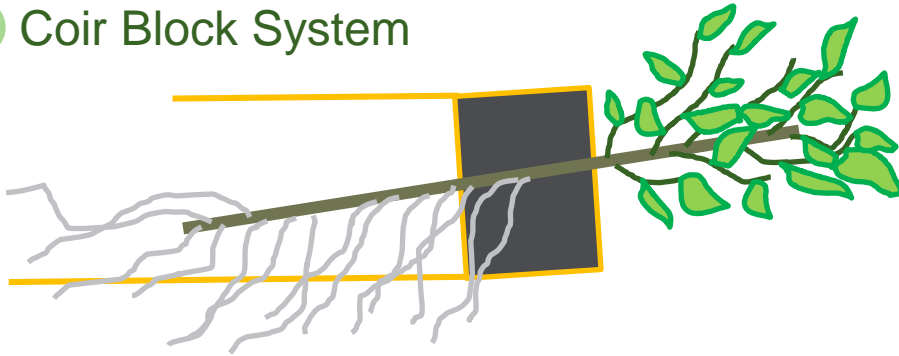


# Improvements

1. Invisible holes for planting and anchoring
  - These holes can be used for planting during construction or after construction
  - Growing plants will provide better anchoring of the product
2. Netting pouch at one end of the product
  - Facilitates strong connections

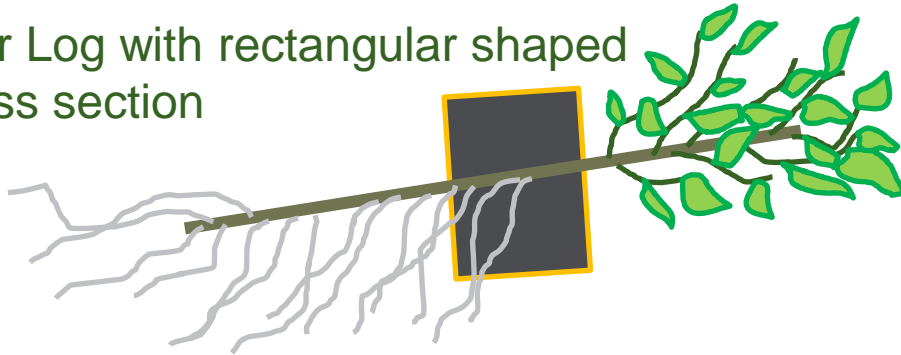
# Improvements

## 1 Coir Block System

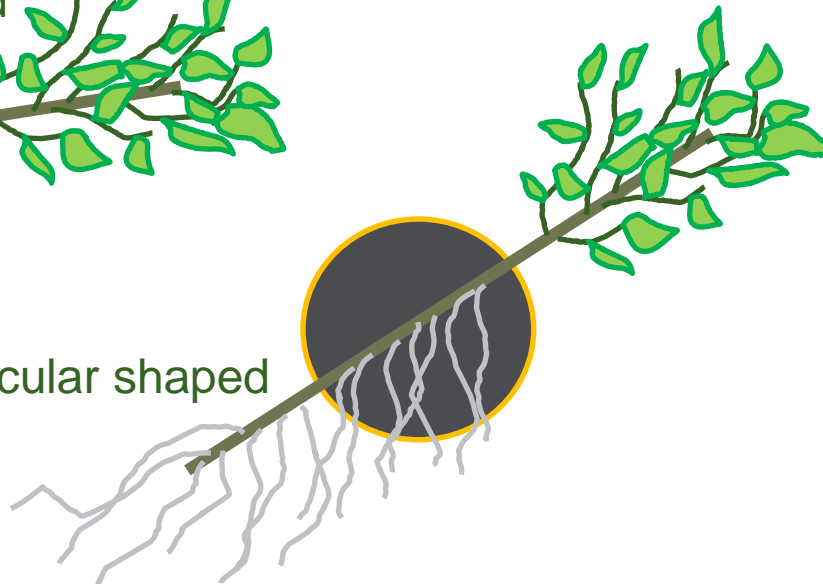


Strong additional anchoring develops with time from the roots of the growing vegetation

## 2 Coir Log with rectangular shaped cross section

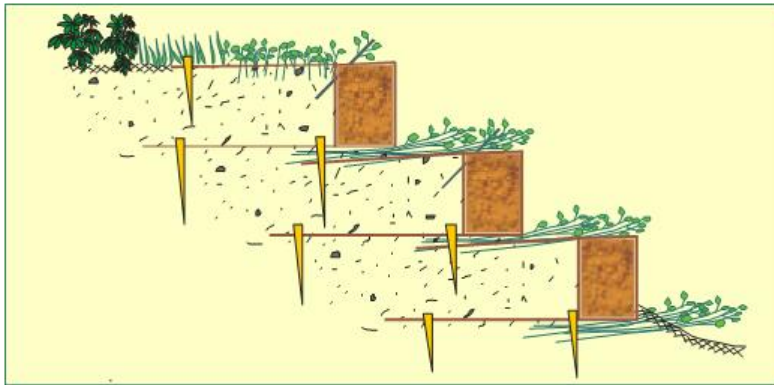


## 3 Coir Log with circular shaped cross section



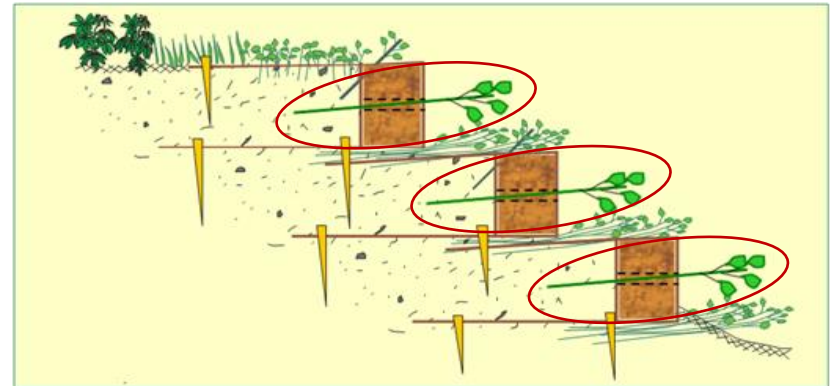
# Coir Block System Improvements

Before



Unable to plant through coir block

After



Ability to plant through the coir fiber block after improvements



# Rectangular Coir Log Improvements

## 1. Appearance



## 2. Pulling out coir fiber plugs from invisible holes



## 3. Planting and anchoring using invisible holes



## 4. Structurally sound connection



# Circular Coir Log Improvements

1. Appearance



2. Pulling out coir fiber plugs from invisible holes



3. Planting and anchoring using invisible holes



4. Structurally sound connection





# Coir Block System Field Demonstration





# Rectangular Coir Log Field Demonstration





# Circular Coir Log Field Demonstration





# Field demonstration using coir plugs as reverse wick drains



# Conclusion

1. Invisible holes
  - These holes can be used for planting and anchoring
  - Over time vegetation replaces rope anchors
2. Netting pouch
  - Facilitates strong connections
3. Wick drains
  - Provides drainage paths to ensure adequate moisture levels; essential for the development of live plant cuttings



# Thank You!



**Quality  
Matters!**

